The University of Hong Kong

## Department of Linguistics Seminar Series presents

SCHOOL of HUMANITIES

**Dr. Guri Bordal Steien**University of Oslo

## The role of typological distance in second language acquisition of tones:

the case of Swahili and Lingala learners of Norwegian

29 January 2016, 3:30pm Run Run Shaw Tower 7.58, Centennial Campus

The goal of the present study is to investigate to what extent speakers of lexical tone languages have and avolatage were speakers of non tonal languages in the acquisition of non-native tone systems. More precisely, I look at to what degree second language (12) users of Norweigian master the realization of tonal patterns in spontaneous speech. Participants in this study were two groups of four multilingual speakers each, having a tone language (Lingala) and a non-tonal language (Swahili) as their respective dominant languages. I von native speakers of East Norweigian served as a reference. For each speaker, a total of 60 accentual phrases (AP3) containing East Norweigian work this accent 10.111 and accent CH (HHT.) respectively, were identified and annotated using Praat. Instrumental analysis involved measurement of fundamental frequency (10, expressed in semitones) in vowels carrying phonological labels L\*, H\* and H\*. I vviil discuss the results in the light of prosodic typology.

Dr. Gurl Bordal Steien holds a Ph.D. in linguistics from Université Paris Ouest Nanterre La Défense (Francy and the University of Old (Norway). She is currently a postdoctoral fellow at the Center for Multilingualism in Society across the Lifespan at the University of Oldo. Her research focuses on phonological aspects of language contact and second language acquistion, and she is particularly interested in tones and intonsion, and second language acquisition, and she is particularly interested in tones and motions.